# Image Analysis exam Fall 2020 

Technical University of Denmark

Written online exam, December 14, 2020
Course name: Image Analysis
Course number: 02502
Number of Questions: 25
Aids allowed: All aids allowed.
Duration: 4 hours
Weighting: All questions are equally weighted
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Notes: The possible answers to each question are numbered from 1 to 6 . A correct answer will be equivalent to 5 points. An incorrect answer will be equivalent to -1 points. Questions unanswered (equivalent to "do not know") will not produce points. The final grade is determined by the examiners.

You have a set of measurements that are gathered into a matrix, such that each row of $X$ corresponds to all measurements of a particular type. Each column of $X$ corresponds to a set of measurements from one particular trial:
X=

| 4 | V | -21 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -3 | -2 | 5 |
| -7 | -3 | 10 |

From this, a covariance matrix is computed:

| 249 | -50 | -96 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -50 | 13 | 26 |
| -96 | 26 | 53 |

What is the missing value V ?

Choose one answer
○ 17
$\bigcirc 4$
○ 13
$\bigcirc$Do not know

Your camera has a CCD chip that measures $6.5 \times 4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ and an image taken with the camera has $7800 \times 5400$ pixels. It can be assumed that $f=b=2.3 \mathrm{~mm}$. The camera has been used to take an image of a 50 cm high reference object. On the image, the object is 400 pixels high. How far away from the camera is the reference object?

Choose one answer
$\bigcirc 0.83 \mathrm{~m}$
O 3.45 m
$\bigcirc 7.22 \mathrm{~m}$
○ 4.54 m
$\bigcirc 6.15 \mathrm{~m}$
○ Do not know

You have taken a photo of a DTU sign with a width of 1.2 m from a distance of 7 m . The camera has a CCD chip that measures $5.8 \times 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ and the image has $6960 \times 5040$ pixels. It can be assumed that $f=b=1.5$ mm . How many pixels wide will the sign be in the photo?

Choose one answer
○ 130170280

O 309
$\bigcirc 405$

○ Do not know

You have taken a photo of building with a camera with a horizontal field-of-view of $42^{\circ}$. The building can just fit into the photo and the photo is taken from a distance of 7 m . How wide is the building?

## Choose one answer

5.4 m
12.1 m
8.3 m
9.1 m
2.7 m

D Do not know

A $5 \times 5$ image has been coded using a gray level run length code of : 3,10 , $3,17,1,58,1,60,4,21,3,75,2,5,6,8,2,2$. This image is then thresholded with a threshold of 50 so pixels with values above are set to 1 . Finally, a BLOB is found using 8-connectivity and the compactness of the BLOB is computed. The compactness is:

## Choose one answer

0.625

○ 1.5320.752.10.3Do not know

A binary image using a 0 -based ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ ) coordinate system has been coded using the binary run-length code: $[2 ;(2,3)]$, $[3 ;(3,4)],[3 ;(6,6)]$, $[4 ;(3,7)]$, [5; (4, 7)], [6; (5, 6)]. The decoded image (I) is processed with the morphological operation ( $\mathrm{I} \ominus \mathrm{SE} 1$ ) • SE2 . The cross in the structuring elements marks the center. How many foreground pixels are there in the resulting image?


SE1


SE2

## Choose one answer

○ 53789Do not know

The RGB image seen in the figure is converted to the HSI color space. The pixels are thresholded by a threshold of 0.8 on the $S$ values, so pixels with values above are set to foreground. How many foreground pixels are there in the resulting image?

| R: 180 G: 200 B: 15 | R: 245 G: 15 B: 40 | R: 35 G: 80 B: 135 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R: 10 G: 35 B: 18 | R: 50 G: 56 B: 23 | R: 25 G: 18 B: 72 |
| R: 144 G: 28 B: 9 | R: 98 G: 25 B: 163 | R: 23 G: 130 B: 225 |

Choose one answer
O 43891Do not know

A linear gray level transformation is applied to the image seen to the left. The desired minimum pixel value is 12 and the desired maximum pixel value is 196. After the transformation, the pixel values are rounded to the nearest integer. A template match is applied to the resulting image, with the template seen to the right. What is the normalized cross correlation in the marked pixel?

| 25 | 9 | 48 | 192 | 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210 | 112 | 125 | 70 | 127 |
| 177 | 97 | 114 | 173 | 245 |
| 81 | 195 | 165 | 167 | 87 |
| 242 | 203 | 181 | 41 | 149 |



Template

Choose one answer0.1540.7990.4710.9720.337Do not know

A gamma mapping with $\gamma=1.7$ is applied to the image below and the resulting pixel values are rounded to integers. Secondly, the gradient in each pixel is approximated using the horizontal and vertical Prewitt filters. What is the magnitude of the gradient in the marked pixel?

| 208 | 25 | 40 | 36 | 167 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 231 | 71 | 248 | 108 | 9 |
| 32 | 139 | 244 | 234 | 217 |
| 233 | 244 | 124 | 202 | 238 |
| 161 | 246 | 204 | 245 | 173 |

Choose one answer6378121157189Do not know

A principal component analysis has been performed on a set of $3 \times 3$ images. The average image can be seen below and the 3 first Eigenvectors can be seen as columns in the matrix. A new image is synthesized by adding a linear combination of the 3 first Eigenvectors to the average image. The weights used are $w_{1}=0.2, w_{2}=-0.7, w_{3}=0.5$ what is the resulting pixel value in the upper left corner?


| 92.9264 | 54.9724 | 53.0798 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 34.9984 | 91.7194 | 77.9167 |
| 19.6595 | 28.5839 | 93.4011 |
| 25.1084 | 75.7200 | 12.9906 |
| 61.6045 | 75.3729 | 56.8824 |
| 47.3289 | 38.0446 | 46.9391 |
| 35.1660 | 56.7822 | 1.1902 |
| 83.0829 | 7.5854 | 33.7123 |
| 58.5264 | 5.3950 | 16.2182 |

## Choose one answer

( 252
$\bigcirc 189$
$\bigcirc 17$
○ 202
○ 42
O Do now know

A $3 \times 3$ max-rank filter is applied to the image below. 0-padding is used to handle the border problem. This is followed by a threshold of 250 , where pixels with values above are set to foreground. The resulting image is considered as the result of a pixel classification, where a foreground pixel is considered positive and the rest negative. The ground truth image can be seen further below. What is the precision of the algorithm?

| 203 | 167 | 233 | 113 | 222 | 232 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 79 | 176 | 39 | 27 | 22 | 46 |
| 135 | 191 | 211 | 245 | 102 | 67 |
| 42 | 115 | 137 | 1 | 66 | 37 |
| 154 | 21 | 254 | 198 | 204 | 35 |
| 67 | 58 | 20 | 208 | 110 | 222 |



Choose one answer
0.78
0.56
0.87
0.67
0.95Do not know

A BLOB analysis is performed on the image below using 4-connectivity. The following BLOB features are computed for the two found BLOBs: area, bounding box ratio, and compactness. What is the Euclidean distance between the two BLOBs in feature space?


Choose one answer23456Do not know

A BLOB analysis is performed on the image below using 4-connectivity, where all pixels that are not black are considered foreground. This is followed by a BLOB classification, where BLOBs with an area less than 5 are classified as positive and the rest as negative. The ground truth is marked so white BLOBs are negative and orange BLOBs are positive. What is the accuracy of the classification algorithm?


Choose one answer0.540.710.960.870.62Do not know

## Mark the incorrect statement below

## Choose one answer

When doing shape analysis, a shape represented by landmarks can be considered a point in a high-dimensional space
$\bigcirc$ Point correspondence means that a landmark on one shape is placed on the same location on a similar shape

When doing principal component analysis on a set of shapes, The first Eigenvector describes the average shape

A statistical shape model can be used as a generative model for shapes
An iterative optimizer solves an optimization problem by performing many small operations over and over

○ Do not know

We would like to make a system that can classify tables, chairs and floors in indoor photos. For that a minimum distance classifier is used. An expert has marked representative regions in the image below, where the table is marked with blue, the chair is marked with green and the floor is marked with yellow. What are the resulting class ranges?

| 177 | 199 | 202 | 30 | 192 | 140 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81 | 203 | 207 | 127 | 156 | 167 |
| 242 | 48 | 70 | 245 | 177 | 145 |
| 9 | 125 | 173 | 87 | 178 | 66 |
| 112 | 114 | 167 | 66 | 89 | 214 |
| 97 | 165 | 41 | 94 | 96 | 65 |

Choose one answer
O $[0,123],[124,182]] 182,255$,[0, 117], [117, 176], ]176, 255][0, 123], [124, 210], , 210,255$]$$[0,68],[69,182]] 182,255$,[0, 98], [99, 168], ]168, 255]Do not know

An underwater photo has been taken and the goal is to use a parametric classifier to label the pixels into the following classes: rock, fish, plant, coral, and sand. An expert has marked regions in the photo: rock (pink), fish (blue), plant (green), coral (white), and sand (yellow). A pixel with value 100 will be classified as:

| 208 | 90 | 97 | 145 | 42 | 58 | 27 | 66 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 62 | 212 | 145 | 120 | 154 | 233 | 245 | 204 |
| 237 | 149 | 55 | 59 | 50 | 39 | 1 | 110 |
| 89 | 140 | 14 | 86 | 167 | 211 | 92 | 232 |
| 110 | 130 | 135 | 41 | 176 | 137 | 89 | 46 |
| 64 | 10 | 17 | 21 | 191 | 254 | 80 | 67 |
| 157 | 193 | 238 | 79 | 115 | 20 | 22 | 37 |
| 121 | 192 | 210 | 230 | 205 | 113 | 102 | 35 |

Choose one answerrockfishplantcoralsandDo not know

A line profile is sampled in an image with startpoint $(x, y)=(15.3,76.6)$ and endpoint $(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})=(164.4,13.3)$. The position in the middle of the profile is computed and the pixel value is sampled using bilinear interpolation. The closest pixel values are:

| $x$ | $y$ | value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 89 | 44 | 33 |
| 90 | 44 | 212 |
| 89 | 45 | 126 |
| 90 | 45 | 87 |

The found value is rounded to the nearest integer and the result is:

## Choose one answer

○ 201
$\bigcirc 97$

○ 154
○ 86113Do not know

## Mark the incorrect statement below

## Choose one answer

When using a lossy image format when storing an image, you are not guarenteed that the pixel values are exactly the same as in the original image

When fitting an active shape model to a new image, one approach is that each point of the shape model is moved to where there is a high gradient in the image.

O Having a strong prior in a statistical shape model can mean that an image that contains a sign of sickness can be fitted to look like a healthy person.

The first Eigenvector describes the major variation seen in a data set
Automatic thresholding is based on morphological opening
○ Do not know

Big-data analysis of traffic camera images in New York has shown that photos of traffic signs and traffic lights both can be described by normal distributions of intensity values. You are asked to use parametric image classification to find the optimal threshold between the two classes. The two distributions are:

- Traffic signs: $N\left(7,2^{2}\right)$
- Traffic lights: $N\left(15,5^{2}\right)$

What is the threshold?
Choose one answer
〇 9.4

O 10.313.712.27.2

O Do not know

To be able to do a landmark-based image registration between a reference image and a template image, two sets of corresponding landmarks have been placed in the two images. The landmarks can be seen in the table:

| Landmarks in reference | x | L Landmarks in template | x y |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a1 | 3 | 3 | b1 |
| a2 | 42 b2 | 67 |  |
| a3 | 73 | 3 b3 | 37 |

Before the registration, the first point in the reference image is rotated with $11^{\circ}$ using a rotation matrix (rotating counter-clockwise). What is the squared distance objective function $F$ between the two point-sets?

Choose one answer41.253.4
77.3101.223.2Do not know

To be able to do a landmark-based image registration between a reference image and a template image, two sets of corresponding landmarks have been placed in the two images. The landmarks can be seen in the table:

| Landmarks in reference | x | $y$ Landmarks in template | x y |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a1 | 16 b1 | 59 |  |
| a2 | 888 b2 | 43 |  |
| a3 | 32 | b3 | 65 |

The points in the reference image are translated using a translation vector of $t=(-2,5)$. What is the change in the squared distance objective function $F$ between the two point-sets?

## Choose one answer

○ 89467712399Do not know

An optimal path from the top to the bottom of the image seen below is found using dynamic programming. What is the value of the accumulator image at the marked pixel position?

| 208 | 244 | 108 | 173 | 71 | 112 | 181 | 245 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 231 | 246 | 234 | 193 | 12 | 97 | 192 | 87 |
| 32 | 40 | 202 | 189 | 25 | 195 | 70 | 149 |
| 233 | 248 | 245 | 10 | 210 | 203 | 173 | 57 |
| 161 | 244 | 167 | 167 | 177 | 48 | 167 | 192 |
| 25 | 124 | 9 | 44 | 81 | 125 | 41 | 65 |
| 71 | 204 | 217 | 180 | 242 | 114 | 30 | 129 |
| 139 | 36 | 238 | 8 | 9 | 165 | 127 | 178 |

Choose one answer156

O 295308276143Do not know

A company producing farming machines wants you to develop an automated system for plant identification. The specific plant typically has red leaves and is often found on brown farmland surrounded by green crops. What could be the pipeline that you would use to solve the task?

## Choose one answer

O Image acquisition, HSI color thresholding, morphological operations, BLOB analysis, feature classificationImage acquisition, landmark registration, chain codingBinary run-length coding, PCA analysis, histogram stretching, morphological closingHough transformation, parametric classification, confusion matrix, grey-level run length coding

Gaussian filtering, active shape model, binary chain coding, automatic thresholdingDo not know

To make an image-based classification system for two different objects, a set of training images has been acquired and two features have been computed for all the objects in the images. In the image below, the two classes (the two types of objects) are plotted in feature space, where class one is blue and class two is orange. A linear discriminant analysis (LDA) has been performed and a decision boundary has been computed. It can be described by which equation?


Choose one answer
O) $y=1.7 x+2.5$

O $y=-3 x-4$
○ $y=x+5$
O $y=7.2 x-1$
O $y=-x+2$Do not know

Two images have been registered using a state-of-the-art software package for image based registration. The registered images can be seen below. The mean squared difference (MSD) similarity metric was used for registration. What is the MSD for the two images?



Choose one answer145070612341108293764
○ Do not know

